IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (ORIGINAL) A method for use by an intermediate network device having a plurality
- of interfaces for forwarding network packets among the interfaces, one or more of the
- interfaces being associated with one or more Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) desig-
- a nations, the method comprising the steps of:
- 5 mapping each VLAN designation to a site identifier;
- receiving on an inbound interface a packet having a site-local unicast destination
- 7 address;
- identifying the VLAN designation associated with the received packet;
- 9 utilizing the identified VLAN designation to retrieve the site identifier to which
- the VLAN designation is mapped;
- creating a modified destination address by embedding the retrieved site identifier
- into the site-local unicast destination address; and
- rendering a forwarding decision for the received packet based on the modified
- 14 destination address.
- 2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 1 wherein the received packet
- 2 complies in at least substantial part-with version 6 of the Internet Protocol (IPv6).
- 3. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of rendering a forwarding deci-
- sion comprises the step of deciding upon an outbound interface from which the packet is
- 3 to be forwarded.
- 4. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 3 wherein the packet further includes a site-local
- 2 unicast source address, the method further comprising the steps of:

- identifying the VLAN designation associated with the outbound interface from
- 4 which the packet is to be forwarded or the VLAN designation with which the packet is to
- 5 be tagged;
- 6 utilizing the identified VLAN designation for the outbound interface to retrieve
- 7 the site identifier to which the VLAN designation is mapped; and
- 8 comparing the site identifier associated with the inbound interface with the site
- 9 identifier associated with the outbound interface.
- 5. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 4 further comprising the steps of:
- if, as a result of the comparing step, the two site identifiers match, forwarding the
- packet on the outbound interface; and
- if, as a result of the comparing step, the two site identifiers do not match, drop-
- 5 ping the packet without forwarding.
- 6. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of rendering comprises the step
- of applying the modified destination address to a forwarding information base (FIB) op-
- 3 timized to permit fast lookups.
- 7. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 6 wherein the FIB includes one or more content
- addressable memories (CAMs) and/or ternary content addressable memories (TCAMs).
- 8. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 7 wherein the one or more CAMs and/or TCAMs
- stores addresses or address prefixes that have been modified to include site identifiers
- 3 embedded therein.
- 9. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 8 wherein at least one of the CAMs and/or
- 2 TCAMs has a plurality of rows and each row of the CAM and/or TCAM stores a respec-
- 3 tive address or address prefix.

- 1 10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 1 wherein
- the received packet complies in at least substantial part with version 6 of the
- 3 Internet Protocol (IPv6),
- the site-local unicast address has one or more areas set to null, and
- the site identifier is embedded at a selected null area of the address.
- 1 11. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1 whereby each VLAN designation is mapped to
- 2 a single site identifier.
- 1 12. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 11 whereby a plurality of VLAN designations
- are mapped to the same site identifier.
- 1 13. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 1 wherein
- packets may be one of either untagged or tagged with a VLAN designation, and
- the step of identifying includes either, if the received packet is untagged, deter-
- 4 mining the VLAN designation of the inbound interface on which the untagged packet
- was received or, if the received packet is tagged, determining the VLAN designation with
- 6 which the received packet is tagged.
- 1 14. (ORIGINAL) A method for use by an intermediate network device having a plural-
- 2 ity of interfaces for forwarding network packets among the interfaces, one or more of the
- interfaces being associated with one or more Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) desig-
- 4 nations, the method comprising the steps of:
- 5 mapping each VLAN designation to a site identifier;
- 6 receiving on an inbound interface a packet having a site-local unicast destination
- 7 address;
- identifying the VLAN designation associated with the received packet; and
- 9 utilizing the identified VLAN designation to retrieve the site identifier to which
- the VLAN designation is mapped.

15. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 14 wherein the packet further includes a site-1 local unicast source address, the method further comprising the steps of: 2 identifying the VLAN designation associated with the outbound interface from 3 which the packet is to be forwarded or the VLAN designation with which the packet is to 4 be tagged; 5 utilizing the identified VLAN designation for the outbound interface to retrieve 6 the site identifier to which the VLAN designation is mapped; and 7 comparing the site identifier associated with the inbound interface with the site 8 identifier associated with the outbound interface. 9 16. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 15 further comprising the steps of: 1 if, as a result of the comparing step, the two site identifiers match, forwarding the 2 packet on the outbound interface; and 3 if, as a result of the comparing step, the two site identifiers do not match, drop-4 ping the packet without forwarding. 5 17. (ORIGINAL) An intermediate network device for forwarding packets within a com-1 puter network, the device comprising: 2 a plurality of interfaces for receiving and forwarding packets, one or more of the 3 interfaces associated with one or more virtual local area network (VLAN) designations; 4 a forwarding information base (FIB) for storing routing information; 5 a routing engine in communicating relationship with the FIB, the routing engine 6 configured to make forwarding decisions for received packets, based at least in part on 7 the routing information in the FIB; and 8 a memory in communicating relationship with the routing engine, the memory 9 configured to store the VLAN designations associated with the device's interfaces in 10 mapping relationship with one or more site identifiers, 11

- wherein the routing engine utilizes the memory to ensure that a packet having a site-local unicast source and/or destination address is only forwarded between interfaces corresponding to the same site identifier.
- 18. (ORIGINAL) The intermediate network device of claim 17 wherein the FIB in-
- cludes one or more content addressable memories (CAMs) and/or ternary content ad-
- dressable memories (TCAMs) programmed with a plurality of addresses or address pre-
- 4 fixes.
- 19. (ORIGINAL) The intermediate network device of claim 18 wherein at least one
- 2 CAM and/or TCAM has a width that is equal to or greater than 128 bits.
- 20. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The intermediate network device of claim 17 wherein
- at least some of the packets forwarded by the device comply in at least substantial part
- with version 6 of the Internet Protocol (IPv6).
- 1 21. (ORIGINAL) The intermediate network device of claim 20 wherein the routing en-
- 2 gine:
- identifies the VLAN designation associated with the received packet,
- 4 utilizes the identified VLAN designation to retrieve the site identifier to which the
- 5 VLAN designation is mapped,
- 6 creates a modified destination address by embedding the retrieved site identifier
- 7 into the site-local unicast destination address, and
- renders a forwarding decision for the received packet based on the modified des-
- 9 tination address.
- 22. (ORIGINAL) The intermediate network device of claim 21 wherein the routing en-
- gine prevents packets received on an inbound interface that corresponds to a first site

- 3 identifier from being forwarded on an outbound interface that corresponds to a second
- 4 site identifier.
- 23. (ORIGINAL) The intermediate network device of claim 17 wherein
- the plurality of interfaces are located at one or more line cards disposed at the in-
- 3 termediate network device, and
- each line card includes a corresponding FIB and routing engine for rending for-
- 5 warding decisions.
- 1 24. (ORIGINAL) A method for use by an intermediate network device having a plural-
- 2 ity of interfaces for forwarding network packets among the interfaces, one or more of the
- interfaces being associated with one or more Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) desig-
- 4 nations, the method comprising the steps of:
- receiving on an inbound interface a packet having a link-local unicast destination
- 6 address;
- identifying the VLAN designation associated with the received packet;
- 8 creating a modified destination address by embedding the identified VLAN des-
- 9 ignation into the link-local unicast destination address; and
- rendering a forwarding decision for the received packet based on the modified
- 11 destination address.
- 25. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method of claim 24 wherein the received packet
- complies in at least substantial part with version 6 of the Internet Protocol (IPv6).
- 26. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 25 wherein the step of rendering a forwarding
- decision comprises the step of deciding upon an outbound interface from which the
- packet is to be forwarded.

- 27. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 26 wherein the packet further includes a link-
- local unicast source address, the method further comprising the steps of:
- identifying the VLAN designation associated with the outbound interface from
- which the packet is to be forwarded; and
- 5 comparing the VLAN designation associated with the inbound interface with the
- 6 VLAN designation associated with the outbound interface.
- 28. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 27 further comprising the steps of:
- if, as a result of the comparing step, the two VLAN designations match, forward-
- 3 ing the packet; and
- if, as a result of the comparing step, the two VLAN designations do not match,
- 5 dropping the packet without forwarding.
- 1 29. (ORIGINAL) The method of claim 24 wherein
- packets may be one of either untagged or tagged with a VLAN designation, and
- the step of identifying includes either, if the received packet is untagged, deter-
- 4 mining the VLAN designation of the inbound interface on which the untagged packet
- was received or, if the received packet is tagged, determining the VLAN designation with
- 6 which the received packet is tagged.
- 30. (NEW) An intermediate network device for forwarding packets within a computer
- 2 network, the intermediate device comprising:
- means for mapping one or more VLAN designations to a site identifier;
- means for receiving a packet having a site-local unicast destination address;
- means for identifying a particular VLAN designation associated with the received
- 6 packet;
- means for retrieving the site identifier to which the particular VLAN designation
- is mapped;

9	means for creating a modified destination address by embedding the retrieved site
10	identifier into the site-local unicast destination address; and
11	means for rendering a forwarding decision for the received packet based on the
12	modified destination address.
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1	31. (NEW) The intermediate network device of claim 30 wherein the packet complies
2	with version 6 of the Internet Protocol (IPv6).
1	32. (NEW) A computer readable medium containing executable program instructions
2	for forwarding packets within a computer network, the executable program instructions
3	comprising program instructions configured to:
4	map one or more VLAN designations to a site identifier;
5	identify a particular VLAN designation associated with a received packet that has
6	a site-local unicast destination address;
7	retrieve the site identifier to which the particular VLAN designation is mapped;
8	create a modified destination address by embedding the retrieved site identifier
9	into the site-local unicast destination address; and
10	render a forwarding decision for the received packet based on the modified desti-
11	nation address